

Detection of *MET* Exon 14 skipping mutation by MALDI-TOF based liquid biopsy in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

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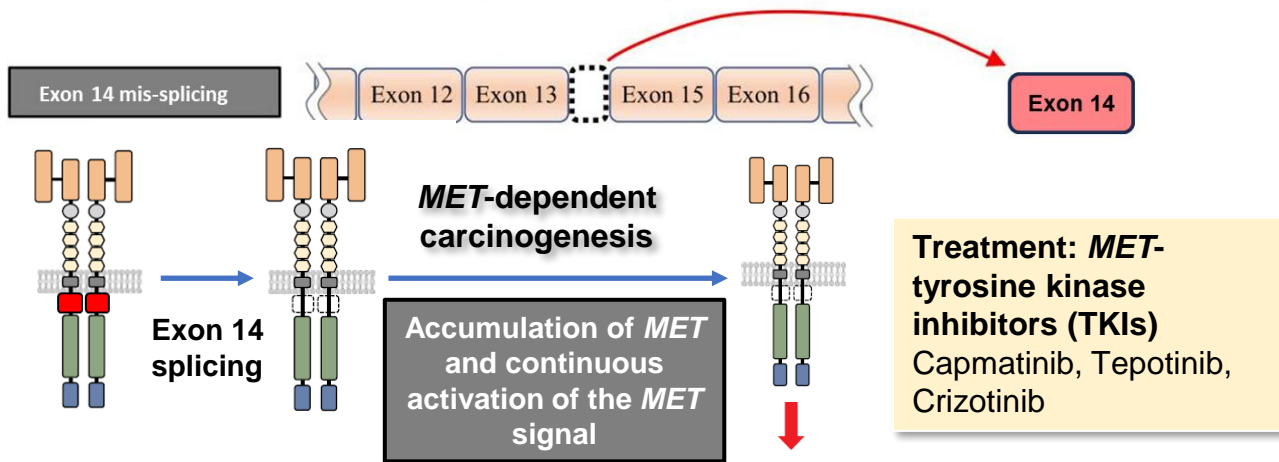
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Background

***MET* is required for multiple cellular functions**

Organogenesis, Wound healing, Cell motility, Proliferation, Embryogenesis

How *MET* Exon 14 skipping (METex14) promotes carcinogenesis?



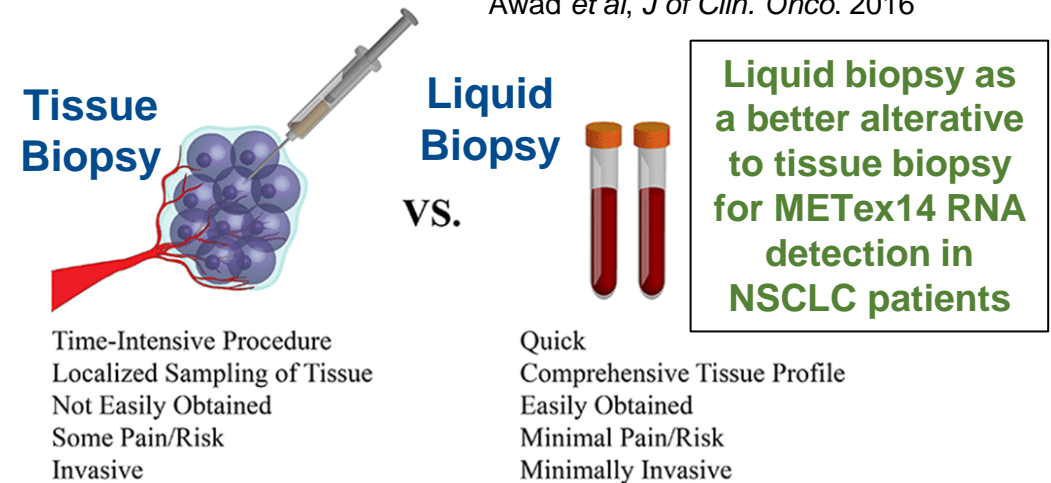
Non-small cell lung cancer patients with comprehensive molecular genotyping (*EGFR*, *ALK*, *BRAF*, *ROS1*, *MET*, *RET*, and *NTRK*) have superior OS compared to those with incomplete or no testing (24.6 mos vs. 6.2 mos, $p < 0.0001$)

Aggarwal *et al*, *JCO Precis Oncol*. 2023

High rate of failure in NGS based comprehensive molecular genotyping due to insufficient quantity or quality of tissue DNA

Patient number	Failure rate	Reference
79/207	38%	Aggarwal <i>et al</i> , <i>JAMA Oncol</i> . 2019
52/102	51%	Thompson <i>et al</i> , <i>Clin Cancer Res</i> . 2016
21/174	12%	Karlovich <i>et al</i> , <i>Clin Cancer Res</i> . 2016
601/2601	23%	Meric-Bernstam <i>et al</i> , <i>JCO</i> . 2015
735/1739	42%	Hellmann <i>et al</i> , <i>NEJM</i> . 2018
231/282	82%	Leighl <i>et al</i> , <i>Clin Cancer Res</i> . 2019

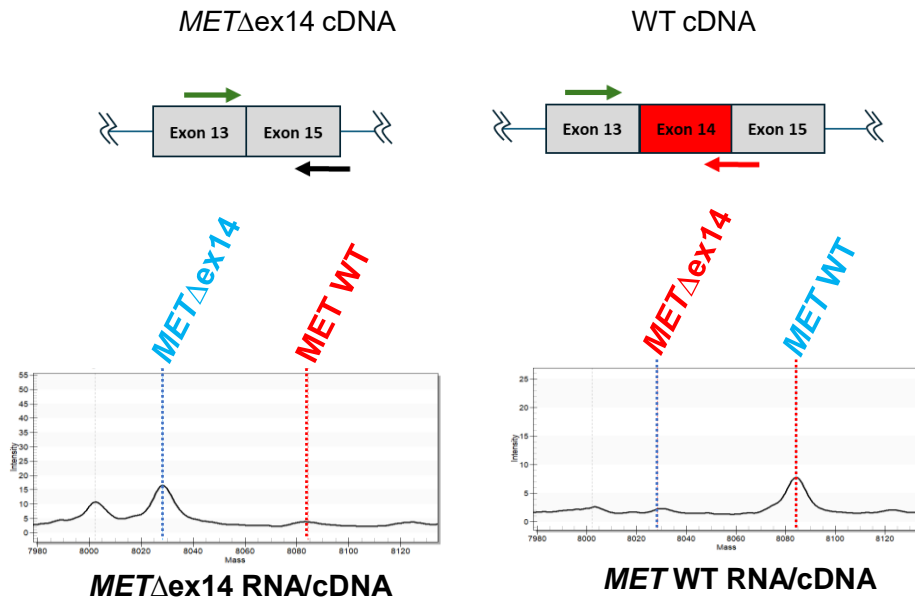
Awad *et al*, *J of Clin. Onco*. 2016



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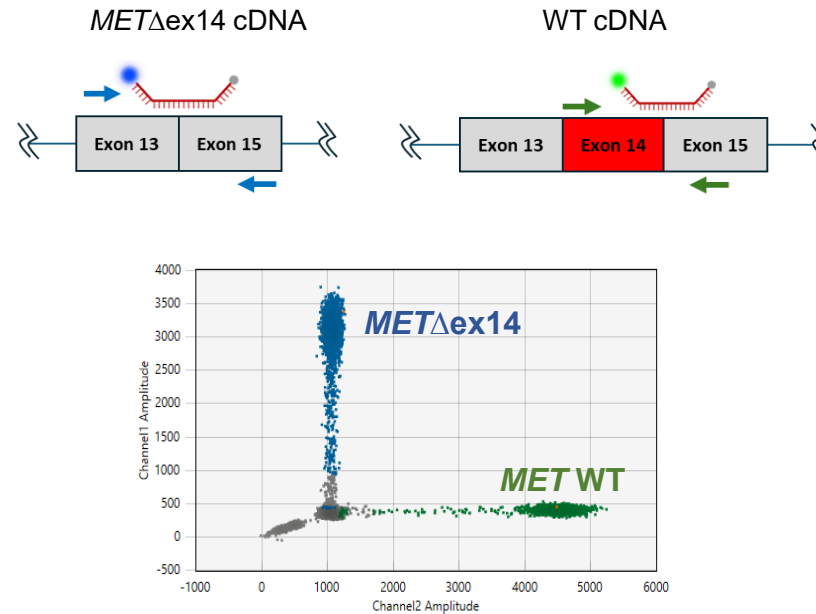
Material and Methods: Using MALDI-TOF and ddPCR to detect *MET*Ex14 RNA

MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry



Mass of PCR fragments determine time of flight

Droplet digital PCR



Target sequence gives fluorescent signal

- Proof-of-principle study using MALDI-TOF
- Quantification of mutant copies using ddPCR
- Materials used: H596 cell line bearing *MET* Exon 14 skipping mutation, healthy donor blood.

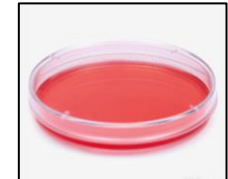
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Results

H596: cell line with *MET* Δ ex14 genomic mutation

H596 supernatant: filtered culture media from 48 hour cultured H596 cells at 70% confluency

Sera Care *MET* Δ ex14 RNA: Synthetic commercial naked RNA with *MET* Δ ex14



Exp. #1: Healthy donor blood incubated with **H596 live cells, supernatant, and Sera Care**

Exp. #2: Healthy donor blood incubated with **H596 supernatant volumes ranging from 0-4ml**



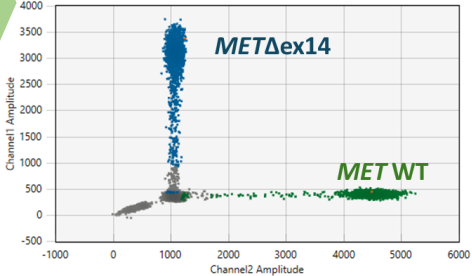
cfRNA isolation & cDNA synthesis

2 hours incubation at RT

Incubation at RT, cfRNA extraction, cDNA synthesis, analysis with MALDI-TOF and ddPCR



Agena FusionNTRK Panel on MassARRAY



ddPCR

Exp. #1 outcome

Exp. #2 outcome



	<i>MET</i> Exon 14 status (MALDI-TOF)	<i>MET</i> Exon 14 status (ddPCR copies)
H596 cells	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
Sera Care <i>MET</i> Δ ex14 RNA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
Cell supernatant (4ml)	DETECTED	101.5

Supernatant volume (ml)	<i>MET</i> Exon 14 status (MALDI-TOF)	<i>MET</i> Exon 14 status (ddPCR copies)
4	DETECTED	88.1
2	DETECTED	42.4
1	DETECTED	12.7
0.5	DETECTED	5.8
0.25	DETECTED	2.5
0	NOT DETECTED	0

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Conclusion - Discussion



- cfRNA can be a good analyte for splice variants
- However, naked RNA is not suitable for liquid biopsy validation 
- Protected RNA (protein bound, EVs) from cell culture are suitable for validation 



Measurement
Number of targets

Quantitative
Few



Qualitative
Many (e.g., *NTRK1-3*, *ALK*, *RET*, *ROS1*, *MET*)

**Looking for patient material
Collaboration partners?**

Acknowledgement

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